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Or \$2 50 if not paid within the year.

ROBERT G. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Advertisements, \$1 per square for 3 weeks;
26 cents per square for each continuance.

"RESIST WITH CARE THE SPIRIT OF INNOVATION UPON THE PRINCIPLES OF YOUR GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER SPECIOUS THE PRETEXTS." —Washington.

VOL. II.

GETTYSBURG, PA. MONDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1849.

NO. 2.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

NIN PURSUANCE of an order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, will be exposed to Public Sale, on the premises, On Tuesday the 13th of November next, the Real Estate of JOHN ECKENRODE, son of Mount Pleasant township, Adams county, deceased, consisting of a

TRACT OF LAND,
situated in said township, adjoining lands of David Dietrich, heirs of George Woltord, deceased, and others, containing

15 acres, more or less.

The improvements are a two-story Log Dwelling House;

Frame Weather-boarded STABLE, a spring near the house, and a Young ORCHARD. There is a portion of the land in good Meadow. The public road from Comfort's Tavern to the Baltimore Turnpike at White Run Bridge, passes by said Lot.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, p. m.—Attendance given, and terms made known by

HENRY ECKENRODE, Adm'r.

By the Court—H. DEXWELL, Clerk.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the ADMINISTRATION ACCOUNTS of the deceased persons hereinbefore mentioned, will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on Monday the 19th day of November next, viz:

The first account of Andrew Pooley, Guardian of Anna Mary Zecker, Jane Polley Zecker, and Wm. Woodburn Zecker, minor children of Christian Zecker, deceased.

The first account of John Wisler and Jacob Wisler, Executors of the last will and testament of John Wisler, deceased.

The first and final account of Jacob Mark, Administrator of the estate of Peter Mark, deceased.

The first account of Wm. W. Paxton, Executor of the last will and testament of Elizabeth Keech, late of the Borough of Gettysburg, deceased.

The account of James King, Administrator of the estate of Stephen King, late of Germany township, deceased.

The first and final account of Wm. R. Sadler, Administrator of the estate of Levi Miller, Jr., deceased.

The first account of Peter Raffensberger, sen. Guardian of Julia Ann Culp and Geo. W. Culp, minor children of Jacob Culp, deceased.

The first and final account of John Frazer, Executor of the last will and testament of Phoebe Minnigh, deceased.

The first and final account of Sam'l. Sadler, Administrator de bonis non cum testamento annexo, of Anthony Smitzer, deceased.

The first account of John Adair and Wm. W. Paxton, Executors of the last will and testament of Hannah Adair.

The first and final account of George Wilson, Executor of the last will and testament of William Clark, deceased.

The account of Abrahams King, Administrator, de bonis non, with the will annexed, of James Walker, deceased.

W.M. W. HAMERSLY, Register-

Registers Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 22, 1849.

Poetry.

EXPERIENCE.

BY MARY L. DAWSON.

I look within my heart and sadly smile
To think how changed are all its early dreams,
While memory's misty shadows fall aside,
And o'er my soul the past in softness beans;

I think of life in all its former glory,

Its wild romance, its hopes, its morning beauty,

And sigh to feel that all this earth can offer—

Is but contentment won from quiet duty.

Yet tho' I mourn the loss of hopes departed,

And sighs worth a world of after pain,

I would not give my sad and stern experience

To live in blissful reveries again;

For many lessons fraught with useful teaching,

From disappointment I have learnt to borrow :

And in each soul are seeds of heavenly wisdom;

That only ripen amid tears of sorrow.

For fondly once o'er woes of fancy's framing

I pour'd the sadness of an untried heart,

And placed all cherished visions of perfection

Like some enshrined divinity apart;

Now I can feel for every human brother,

However poor, oppressed, despised or weak,

And when my breast overflows with yearning pity,

A fellow-sufferer 'mid my kind I seek.

No more the poet's fame, the hero's glory,

Win every thought and sympathy from me,

For in each varied mind and differing station,

The harmony of Nature I can see;

All who are good and kind, or pure and holy,

However low or humble in their birth,

If they do but their Father's will sincerely,

Are now to me the honored ones of earth.

Then welcome be the pressure of affliction,

If it fulfill its perfect work at last,

The disenchanted's heavy clouds surround us;

And every radiant dream of youth o'ercast;

Yet if it levels us with all God's creatures—

If it uplifts us with warning voice reprove,

Who would not change the cold, the bright ideal,

For human charity and human love ?

MISCELLANEOUS.

WIVES AND LADIES.

Dow, Jr., in one of his sermons, says: The kind of a wife you want is one of good morals, and who knows how to mend trowsers—who can reconcile peeling potatoes with practical piety—who can waltz with the churn dash and sing with the tea kettle—who understands broomology, and the true science of mopping—who can knit stockings without knitting her brows, and knit up her husband's "ravelled sleeve of care;"

who prefers sowing tears with a needle, to sowing tares (scandal) with her tongue. Such is decidedly a better half. Take her if you can get her, when you can find her, let her be up to the elbows

in the suds of a wash tub, or picking geese in a barn.

My hearers—our text speaks of a lady before a tub. You may think it absurd, but let me assure you that a female can be a lady before a tub or in a kitchen, as well as in the drawing room or parlor.

What constitutes a lady? It is not the costly dress, paint for the cheeks, false hair, and still falser airs; but it is the general deportment—her intellectual endowments, and that evidence of virtue which commands the respect and silent admiration of the world. She would be recognized as a lady at once, it matters not where or in what situation she be found. When you marry, see that you get a lady inside and out—one who knows how to keep the pot boiling, and looks well to her household. So mote it be.

Ellen, don't you know what that agrees with?"

"Ye—ye—yes, sir!"

"Well, Ellen, why don't you parse that word? What does it agree with?"

Blushing still more and stammering, Ellen says—

"It—a—agrees with all the girls, sir!"

NOTICE.

ROBERT FISHER, No. 5, April 1, 1849,
vs. FRANCIS FISHER, Execution Docket.

Sept. 26, 1849. Rule to show cause why the Plaintiff should not take out of Court the money made upon sale of the lands of Defendant, except so much as may be required to satisfy the judgment of Samuel Pahnestock—returnable on the Third Monday of November next. Notice by publication in one newspaper three successive weeks. By the Court,

JOHN PICKING, Prothono.
Prothonotary's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 22, 1849.

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NOTICE.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS are distinguished for their perfect adaptation to the human body. In their operation, they do exactly what nature does, and nothing more. They have a four-fold action, upon the lungs, skin, kidneys and bowels. Hence their peculiar power over disease.

By promoting perspiration, they break up Cold, Coughs, Rheumatic Complaints, Pain in the Back, Sciatica, Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Erysipelas, &c.

The action of the Pills on the kidneys is such as to make them a valuable lithontriptic. Dropped, Gravel, and Female Complaints, Pain in the Breast, Coughs, Sore Throat, &c.

embracing every variety of style and quality, having been selected with reference to the Fall Sales, and will be offered at prices to challenge competition. Feeling confident that purchasers will further their interests in so doing, he respectfully solicits an examination of his goods and prices.

Oct. 8. J. B. M'PHERSON, Sec'y.

THURSDAY ELECTION.

THE Stockholders in the Gettysburg and Petersburgh Turnpike Company will take notice that an ELECTION will be held in Gettysburg, on Monday the 13th of November next, for the purpose of choosing, by a majority of the said Stockholders, by ballot, to be delivered in person, or by proxy duly authorized, One President, Six Managers, and One Treasurer, and such other officers as shall be deemed necessary to conduct the business of said Company for the ensuing year.

J. B. M'PHERSON, Sec'y.

READ ME VAG.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.

DE MISTY

THAS removed his Office to the building opposite the Lutheran Church in Chambersburg street, two doors east of Mr. Middlecuff's Store, where those wishing to have any Dental operations performed, are respectfully invited to call.

REFERENCES.

Dr. C. N. Berluchi; Rev. J. C. Watson, D. D., "D. Horner," "C. P. Krauth, D. D."

"C. A. Cowgill," "Prof. M. Jacobs."

"D. Gilbert," "H. L. Bangor,"

Prof. Stoever, "W. M. Reynolds,"

Gettysburg, July 3.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Hon. DANIEL DURKEE, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas, in the Counties composing the 14th District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the County of Adams—have issued their precept, bearing date the 2d day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace and General Jail Delivery, and Court of Oyer and Terminer, at Gettysburg, on Monday the 13th day of November next—

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

To all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroners and Constables within the said County of Adams, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are then and there in the jail of the said County of Adams, and to be then and there to prosecute them as shall be.

WILLIAM FICKES, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg,

Oct. 15, 1849.

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HOW UNCLE BILL DID A LANDLORD.

There lived some years since in a thriving Connecticut river village of New Hampshire, a lively little old man of sixty years, who was familiarly called "Uncle Bill."

He was poor, fond of a drink, and when short of change, always ready with some cunning expedient to procure one.

One hot summer's day the old man came putting and sweating into the porch of the village tavern, where sat Mr. B., the landlord, whom he thus addressed:

"Like to lost every thing in your garden, landlord; jest as I come along I see half a dozen cows in there, but I drove 'em out before they done much damage."

"Much obliged to you for your trouble," said Mr. B., "won't you take a drink?"

"Don't care if I do take a cooler; made me rather warm runnin' after the turnpike critters."

The old man took his liquor, and after loading his short pipe, sat down to take a smoke. He puffed away in silence a long time,

THE ADAMS SENTINEL AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

GOVERNOR JOHNSTON.

The subjoined communication will be read with pleasure by thousand in our State. We have great pleasure in placing it in our columns:

At the last anniversary of the First Baptist Church Sunday School, West Philadelphia, the Rev. Mr. Hamer, in the course of his remarks, mentioned that the Governors of several of the States through which he had recently travelled, had been constituted Life members of the American Sunday School Union by the liberal contributions of Sunday School children.

At the close of the services, a collection of more than fifty dollars was taken up for the benefit of their own school, and just as the benediction was about to be pronounced, some one who did not believe that charity should end at home, very unexpectedly rose up and said, he really thought they should do something to aid the American Sunday School Union in planting schools in destitute places, etc., etc. He proposed to make the Pastor of the church and the Governor of the State, life members of this Society. At once the necessary amount, \$60, was secured.

The following letter from Gov. Johnston, accepting the position assigned him by the kindness and respect of his young friends, will be read with great pleasure by every good citizen:

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER,
Harrisburg, Pa., July 27, 1849.

Rev. T. L. HAMMER.—Dear Sir—I have received your kind letter communicating the gratifying fact that the Sunday School of the First Baptist Church, West Philadelphia, have procured for me a Life Membership in the American Sunday School Union.

This act of generous kindness I shall ever cherish and remember, and more particularly so, as being the unexpected and voluntary action of those who can have no impure motive, but whose thoughts, like themselves, partake largely of the kingdom of Heaven.

In early life it was my fortunate lot to become a scholar, and subsequently a teacher in a Sunday-school; the impressions there received of the value and importance of Scripture learning, have increased with my advance in life. In the dark hours of worldly trouble, in the bustle of life's affairs, or in the turmoils of political strife, the good man finds in the Bible a consolation and contentment that the unlearned in its holy teachings cannot possess. In the day of our tribulation, when the anxieties, thoughts, purposes and designs of humanity are closing, and the angel of death stands ready to usher the spirit into the spirit-land, it is then the devout reader and follower of the Biblical precepts triumphs in the calmness of his death, under the blessed hope of a bright futurity; while the uninformed writhes in mental agony over the doubts and shadows of an uncertain destiny.

The Almighty Father conferred upon his rebellious children no greater blessing than the Holy Scriptures, and man can be employed in no higher and holier duty, than in their distribution and teaching to his fellow-man.

I accept with great pleasure the position assigned to me by the kindness of my young friends, and shall feel obliged by the communication of such acceptance.

With sentiments of sincere regard,

I remain most truly yours,

WM. F. JOHNSTON.

Rev. T. L. Hamer, Philada, General Agent of the Am. S. S. Union.

SPIRIT OF THE AGE.

As regards this Republic, it may be truly said, that the spirit of improvement is abroad in the land—a resistless spirit that seeks to increase and facilitate trade, and give velocity to personal locomotion and verbal communication. Railways are being made, traversing the States and the United States in every direction, binding together the Confederacy by strong ties of business intercourse; and wires are being stretched athwart the land, whereby daily and hourly communications are interchanged between the principal cities and villages.

The acquisition of Oregon and California, and the immense emigration thitherward in search of the golden deposits, have revived the west projects, and will ensure their execution, of connecting the Atlantic and Pacific oceans by a ship canal, and uniting the people of the Atlantic and Pacific slopes by a railway.

There is the route across the isthmus of Tehuantepec, in Mexico, being a distance of one hundred and fifty miles' river and lake navigation, and one hundred and five miles by land. The chief advantage of this route is the fact that it is shorter than the Panama route by eight hundred miles. The British house of McIntosh & Co. have obtained from Mexico the right of way.

Then there is the Panama route across the isthmus, being a water communication of about thirty miles, and only about twenty-five miles by land. This route has been surveyed, a railway charter obtained, and all the stock taken by American capitalists, and the work soon to be speedily accomplished.

The third route is the "Ship Canal," by the Nicargua and Leon lakes, with the navigable rivers, making a water passage of 250 miles, and the land pass-

age only 30 miles. A company for the building of this ship canal has been formed in New York, a contract made, and recognized by the late treaty with Nicargua, and the work to be done, within 12 years; this route is nearer to California, by four hundred miles, than via Panama.

The spirit for vast enterprises is surely abroad in the land.

HUNGARY.

Gen. Haynau, in his administration of military authority, loses no opportunity to preserve the bloody character belonging to him. He has murdered, under the guise of a court martial, thirteen Hungarian Generals who had laid down their arms at the close of the war.

Count Bathory, the Prime Minister of Hungary, has been shot, under circumstances which forever will make the Austrian name synonymous with cruelty, archery and dishonesty. To render the last hour of this brave and accomplished nobleman as bitter as possible, he was sentenced to a malefactor's instead of a soldier's death.

To avoid the agony of a halter, the wife of the patriot had a dagger conveyed to him in his linen, with which to anticipate his doom. The Count did not succeed in the suicide, but his throat was so much injured by the wound he had inflicted, that he prevented his murderers from strangling him with the cord. He fell, pierced to the heart by the bullets of Austrian soldiers, his last words being "My country forever." Some ladies of the highest class endeavored to dip their hands into the blood of the fallen patriot, but were prevented by the Austrian bayonets.

Kossuth's Children.—The Vienna correspondent of the London Times, learns from a friend, just returned from Pesth, some authentic information as to the women and children now confined in the castle of that city. He states that Kossuth's two sons and one daughter, as also two of Guyon's children, are in the hands of the Imperialists. The little Kossuths are so totally without pecuniary resources, that Gen. Haynau was moved by compassion to deposit £10 in the hands of the Governor of the castle for their benefit. The tutor of Kossuth's children who was condemned in the rebellion, has been removed by the authorities, but the governess has been left with her helpless charges.

A letter from Vienna mentions a Hungarian aid-de-camp who proves to be a female, only 20 years of age, yet has

fought in fourteen of the Hungarian battles. The Austrian army is henceforth to be composed of 150,000 men in time of peace and 800,000 in time of war.

The total loss of men in the Russian army in the late Hungarian war is, according to the report of the officers, 3000. The cholera and typhus fever have carried off at least three times that number, so that the loss sustained by Russia in the Hungarian campaign is at least 12,000.

CIRCASSIA.

The fall of the fortress of Achulga, the residence of Schamyl, the celebrated chief, after a desperate and protracted resistance, is announced in letters from St. Petersburg. On the 29th of August the assault was renewed, after three days useless negotiation, every inch of ground being fiercely contested by the besieged, who fought with obstinate bravery. The

defences were covered with heaps of dead bodies. The loss of the Circassians was estimated by the Russians at 1000 men killed, exclusive of those wounded, and 900 made prisoners. Schamyl was not to be found; he had contrived to escape with one of his sons and one of his mistresses. Another of his sons, and his lawful wife, were slain, and a third son was taken prisoner. Schamyl himself was wounded in the arm by a musket ball. The siege of Achulga, thus successfully terminated, had lasted 11 months, during which period the Russians lost 22 officers and 422 men, exclusive of those wounded.

New Explorations in Africa.—The French surpass all other nations in the grandeur of their exploring expeditions to various parts of the world. It is now announced that the Academy of Sciences and the Geographical Society of France have projected an expedition on a grand scale for penetrating the interior of Africa to Timbuctoo. It is to be conducted by scientific men, and will have in view the two-fold purpose of extending our knowledge of this portion of the continent, and of opening new channels for French trade and commerce. It is a singular fact, that notwithstanding the several attempts by Mungo Park, Claperton, Denham, Oudney, Lander, and Laird for the exploration of that portion of Africa which lies between the Gulf of Guinea and the Mediterranean, none have yet reached Timbuctoo and returned. The only European traveller who has reached this inland city and returned to give an account of it is Caillie, a Frenchman, some ten years since. The expedition now projected, it is said, will have an escort of 800 armed Europeans and 100 Africans.

Destitute Gold Seekers.—A letter of Sept. 7, from San Blas, Mexico states that there are some poor destitute Chilian, French and Americans wandering about that place, without the means of living, except by charity, being out of funds, on their way to the mines. They were carried in principally by Chilian vessels in distress. The same is, doubtless, the case in most of the towns below the gold region upon the Pacific coast.

Sudden and Afflicting Death.—At the burial of an old lady named Shaw, wife of Dr. Shaw, of Rochester, N. Y., a Milford, a Mr. James Laine, a shoemaker of Milford, one of the pall bearers, stopped and fell to the ground; when they picked him up, strange to relate, he was dead. Up to the moment of his decease, he was in apparent good health and made no complaint.

Fueling pistol hit a bill's eye.—At the burial of an old lady named Shaw, wife of Dr. Shaw, of Rochester, N. Y., a Milford, a Mr. James Laine, a shoemaker of Milford, one of the pall bearers, stopped and fell to the ground; when they picked him up, strange to relate, he was dead. Up to the moment of his decease, he was in apparent good health and made no complaint.

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ADAMS SENTINEL.

GETTYSBURG:

Monday, November 12, 1849.

At the late session of the Lutheran Synod at Hagerstown, it was determined to establish a Female Seminary at that place, under the auspices of the Lutheran Church, and a committee appointed to solicit subscriptions of Cotton.

During the late term of the Court of Quarter Sessions in Franklin county, at which Judge Watts presided, a witness was called to the stand, whose competence to testify was objected to because he did not believe in a future state of rewards and punishments. His Honor, Judge Watts, promptly rejected his evidence, and refused to permit him to testify.

Health of Mr. Clay.

A correspondent of the Louisville Journal, in speaking of Mr. Clay, says "his health is entirely restored, and that, although he has long been intimately acquainted with him, he could scarcely see in him any difference in body, and none at all in mind, from what he was 14 or 16 years ago."

Mr. Clay arrived, very unexpectedly, at Baltimore on Wednesday evening. His object in coming so long before the meeting of Congress, was to get over the mountains before the setting in of winter.

Mr. Clay reached Philadelphia on Thursday afternoon from Baltimore, and is the guest of Richard H. Bayard, Esq., formerly U. S. Senator from Delaware. He is accompanied by his son, and is in the enjoyment of excellent health. He will probably remain some ten days in the city. The Daily News says: "It will afford our citizens peculiar pleasure to have the opportunity of testifying to him the high estimation in which they hold his long and continued devotion of his best energies and commanding talents to the great cause of our common country. No man living has so large a place in the hearts of the American people as Henry Clay. He has been a leading advocate of the cause of the people for well nigh half a century; and ever animated by the purest patriotism, and looking solely to the best good of the country, he has won a name and a fame that can never die, whilst the principles live which he has advocated. The nation rejoices in the undying honor of his name."

It had been rumored that Mr. Penrose resigned his office at Washington with the view of entering into partnership with Mr. Stevens at Lancaster. The North American, however, contradicts the rumor, and says Mr. P. has returned to Philadelphia, with the intention of resuming his practice there.

Susquehanna Bank.

On Monday last the Cashier of the Susquehanna Bank at Montrose, Pa., was committed to jail, in default of \$40,000 bail, on an alleged charge of defalcation. It is reported that \$85,000 of the funds of the Bank are unaccounted for.

The Bank is supposed to be a total wreck. A large amount of its paper was in circulation, much of which, it seems, was put out very recently, under circumstances calculated to produce the impression that knavery has been long contemplated by the owners and directors of the concern.

Thanksgiving Day.

The Governors of nearly a dozen States have already issued their proclamations designating Thursday the 20th inst., as a day of thanksgiving for the blessings which we have enjoyed during the year. Last year there was a very general unanimity in the selection of thanksgiving day. The morally sublime spectacle was presented of the people in a large number of independent sovereignties uniting in thanksgiving to the Author of all their blessings for the kindness and care he had graciously extended to them. We hope that a similar unanimity may be observed this year.

Death of a Missionary.

Intelligence has been received of the death of Mr. Maynard, who was one of a party of five missionaries with their wives who left Boston for Smyrna last month. Mr. Maynard, and Mr. Dodd went out to establish a mission to the Jews at Salonica, the ancient Thessalonica.

Elective Judiciary.

The Kentucky convention, after a week's debate, has adopted the seven articles of the constitution reported from the committee, providing for an elective judiciary. The four Judges of the Court of Appeals are to be chosen by districts, one to be chosen every second year, and are to hold their offices for eight years.

The steamer De Kalb, on her trip from Augusta to Savannah, on the 30th ult., burst her boiler, by which accident the Engineer and two men were killed.

A large drove of cattle was run into on

Monday last on the New Haven railroad, by the trains coming from and going to New York. Fifteen cattle were killed and ten of the passengers seriously injured. Both trains were thrown off the track towards each other. The locomotives were considerably damaged, and the passengers awfully frightened as well they might.

A great shooting match is to come off at New York on the 12th of February. The wager is \$100 against \$200 that Mr. John Tracy of that city, said to be the best pistol shot in the country, cannot hit 100 shots with a

handgun pistol hit a bill's eye target two inches across in times. The distance is about 12 paces, and 50 shots to be fired each day.

A stage with eleven passengers was upset on Monday last near Pottsville by the horses running away. Rev. Mr. Foot of Northumberland and Mr. Eastman of Bangor, Maine, were badly hurt; and Mr. Buck a merchant of Muncie, Pa. had his thigh broken.

Late from Europe.

The steamer Washington arrived at New York on Tuesday, bringing London papers to the 20th of October.

She brought 150 passengers, among whom is the Hon. Richard Rush, late Minister to France, Hon. Romulus M. Saunders, of N. C., late Minister to Spain, Hon. W. H. Stiles of Geo., late Charge d'Affaires at Vienna, Hon. R. P. Flenniken, of Pa., late Charge at Copenhagen, each accompanied by his family, also Bishop Southgate. She has a very heavy and valuable cargo of German and French goods.

There had been a further advance in the price

of Cotton.

Fresh executions had taken place in Hungary.

It is said that some of the first nobles in the Kingdom were condemned to death, and that the thirst for blood was almost insatiable.

The Turks were busily engaged preparing for war. The English and French fleets were

on their way to the Dardanelles, and the indications are in favor of hostilities with Russia.

It is said that the Russian chargé d'affaires at

Paris had made known to the French Minister

of Foreign Affairs, that Russia would regard

the entrance of the French fleet into the Dar-

danelles as a declaration of war; and on the

other hand, the French Council of Ministers

have decided that France will consider, as a

cause of war, the entry of a Russian army on

the Turkish territory.

There will also be, of course, a great change among the subordinates in the office

of Cotton.

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There will also be, of course

LATEST ARRIVAL!

Great Slaughter of High Prices!

THE TOWN IN COMMOTION!

NOBODY KILLED BUT SEVERAL BADLY WOUNDED!

A. ARNOLD

WOULD respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has just arrived from the cities of Philadelphia and New York, with a large stock of

FALL & WINTER GOODS,

Which he is determined to sell lower than any Store in the County. His stock comprises almost every thing that is New and Fashionable in the Eastern markets, to wit:

Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Tweeds, Ky. Jeans, Velvet Cords, Vesting, Satin do., Nankin, Prints, (a large stock) Gingham, Alpacas, Silks, Mouseline de Laines, Plain Jaconets, Barred do., Linen Handkerchiefs, Silk do., Hosiery,

Gloves, Shawls,

and a great many articles too numerous to mention—Also,

Groceries, Queensware, &c.

Ladies and Gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and see for themselves, as I am determined to undersell any store in the County.

ABRAHAM ARNOLD,

Gettysburg, Oct. 8.

NEW GOODS!

GEORGE ARNOLD

HAS just returned from Philadelphia, and is now opening a large

STOCK OF FRESH GOODS, AMONG WHICH ARE CHEAP

Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Cords, Jeans, Silks, M. de Laines, Alpacas, Mode Colors, Black and Fancy do., Calicos, Gingham, Merinos, English and French Striped Plaid and Plain Cashmeres, Ribbons, Flannels, Blankets, Queensware, &c., &c.,

All of which have been purchased in Philadelphia on the very best terms, and will be sold as cheap as any other establishment can offer them. Please call, examine and judge for your selves.

P. S. COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods at cash prices.

A lot of STOVES on hand, which will be sold cheap.

GEO. ARNOLD.

Gettysburg, Sept. 24.

THE GREAT CHINA STORE OF PHILADELPHIA.

THANKFUL to the citizens of Gettysburg and its vicinity for their increased custom, we again request their company to view our large and splendid assortment of

CHINA, GLASS & QUEENSWARE.

Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, Toilets, and single pieces, either of Glass, China or Stone Ware, sold in quantities to suit purchasers, for less than they can be had elsewhere—

IN FACT AT LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.

AMERICAN AND ENGLISH BRITANNIA METAL GOODS,

in greater variety than ever before offered in the city.

FANCY CHINA in great variety very cheap.

We would invite any person visiting the city to call and see us—they will at least be pleased to walk around our beautiful store, and to view the finest China and the cheapest the world produces.

Very respectfully,

TYNDALE & MITCHELL,

No. 219 Chestnut Street.

Philadelphia, Sept. 17.

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE.

Worsdell's Vegetable Restorative Pills HAVE been gradually but surely coming into favor, among the families of this Country for some years past. They have done this entirely through their great worth as a FAMILY MEDICINE. Agencies have been appointed, but no puffing and humbug such as is resorted to by quacks to sell their medicine has been done. The Pills are offered for sale and have and will continue to be sold by all the principal storekeepers. The proprietors claim for their Medicine the following advantages over all others—viz: They are PURELY VEGETABLE. They are CERTAIN TO OPERATE. Their operation is free from all PAIN. They can be used with equal benefit by the YOUNGEST INFANT and the STRONGEST MAN—their efficiency in Fevers, Aiges, Headaches, Habitual Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Cholera Morbus, &c., has been proved upon thousands. They are a Certain Cure for Worms. The proprietors possess a certificate from a gentleman in St. Louis who was cured of a TAPE WORM by the use of them.

Try them—they will not fail.

Travelling agent for the State of Pennsylvania—CHARLES P. AMET. For sale, price 25 cents a box, containing FIFTY PILLS, with full directions, by the following Agents in Adams County:

S. S. FORNEY, and S. H. BUENLER, Gettysburg; LILLY & RILEY, New Oxford; SNEEDINGER & Br. Littlestown; A. T. WRIGHT, Bendersville; JACOB S. HOLLINGER, Heidlersburg; W. R. STEWART, Petersburg.

A. WEEKS & CO.

Proprietors, Laboratory No. 141 Chestnut st., Philadelphia, Feb. 5.

THEY'VE COME!!

NEW STORE & NEW GOODS!

THE undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has OPENED A STORE, on the South east corner of the Diamond, (the building lately used as a Hotel,) where can be found a FULL AND COMPLETE assortent of

DRY GOODS,

For the Fall and Winter Trade, such as

Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Satinets, Festings, Cords, Silks, Mousins de Laines, Cashmeres, Alpacas, Calicos, Muslins, Plaid Linseys, Shawls, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Ribbons, Fringes, Laces, Edgings, &c. &c.

—ALSO—

Groceries, Queensware, BOOTS, SHOES, Cloth and Glazed CIPS, &c. &c.

As it would require too much time to enumerate all the names and varieties of Goods in an advertisement, we say to all, you will be welcomed at any time, to call and give a thorough examination, as it will afford us great pleasure in showing what we have.

COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods.

By strict attention to business, and a desire to give satisfaction, I hope to merit and receive a share of patronage of the public generally.

A. B. KURTZ.

Gettysburg Sept. 17.

NEW HARDWARE AND GROCERY STORE.

A. B. KURTZ & CO.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he still continues to carry on the FOUNDRY BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his old establishment, in the Western part of Gettysburg, where he has constantly on hand all sorts of

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY.

A. B. KURTZ & CO.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he still continues to carry on the FOUNDRY BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his old establishment, in the Western part of Gettysburg, where he has constantly on hand all sorts of

SOLLOWWARE,

such as Kettles, Pots, Ovens, Skillets, Pans, Griddles, &c. of all sizes; also, STOVES of every size and variety, including Common, Parlor, Airtight and Cooking Stoves—among them the far-famed HATHAWAYS.

To Farmers he would say, he has on hand an excellent assortment of

THRESHING MACHINES,

Hovey's celebrated Straw-thresher; the renowned Peeler Ploughs; also Woodcock's and Withrow's; also, Paints, Cutters, Sharps, &c.

BLACKSMITHING is carried on in its different branches, by the best of workmen.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS ALSO OPENED A

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

in the South end of the Foundry Building, where, with good workmen and excellent materials, the neatest fits and best work will be made.—Ladies will be waited on at their residence.

All of the above mentioned articles will be sold as cheap, for Cash or Country Produce, as they can be had anywhere else. All orders will be promptly attended to.

Repairing, of all kinds, done at the shortest notice.

T. WARREN.

Gettysburg, May 8.

FRESH ARRIVAL.

CLOCKS, WATCHES,

AND JEWELRY.

THE

WHY'S & WHEREFORE'S.

THE subscriber traders his acknowledgments to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage hitherto extended to him and respectfully informs them that he has just received from the city a new assortment of

CLOKS

OF ALL KINDS—ALSO,

JEWELRY,

such as Rings, Breastpins, Ear Rings, Watch Chains, Watch Keys, Guards, &c. &c.

SPECTACLES,

and Glasses of all kinds and qualities—all of

which will be sold low.

Clocks and Watches REPAIRED, as usual,

at short notice. Establishment in Chambersburg street, next door to S. H. Buehler's Book and Drug Store.

ALEXANDER FRAZER.

July 31.

NEW YORK DRY GOOD STORE.

LORD, TAYLOR & CO., NO. 208, Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

HAVE now on hand, just received direct

from the manufacturers, a full assort-

ment of

SILKS, CASHMERES, MERINOES, DE LAINES, SHAWLS, &c. &c.

The colors and designs being of their own

selecting, and entirely theirs.

Linen, Hosiery, Haberdashery,

and all the different makes of Domestic Goods, constantly on hand, wholesale and retail.

CLOTHING & VARIETY STORE,

opposite the Bank, where he will find a large assortment of all kinds of Ready-made Clothing, for men's and boys' wear, together with every article in his line of business—Cloaks, Over Coats, Stock, Sack, Business and Dress Coats, Pants and Vests of all descriptions, Woolens, Under-shirts and Drawers, all kinds of Shirts, Collars, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Silk Gloves and Stockings, Wrappers, Caps, Hats, together with some fancy articles—Jewelry, Pistols, Knives, and a few Six-shooters, all of which he will with pleasure exhibit for examination to those who call upon him. The prices are such as will satisfy every one that this is the place to buy Fall and Winter Clothing. You will be asked but one price, with but a very small profit. The subscriber takes this occasion to tender to the public his thanks for the liberal patronage which he has thus far received, and especially solicits a continuance of the same. Also for sale, a very good and neatly trimmed ROCKAWAY BUGGY, with standing top, and a second-hand Buggy, which will be disposed of very low for cash.

MARCUS SAMSON.

Gettysburg, Oct. 1.

DE TOWNSEND'S

OFFICE MANUFACTORY

Dr. S. P. TOWNSEND'S

COMPOUND EXTRACT OF

SARSAPARILLA,

The most Wonderful Medicine of the Age,

1,500,000 BOTTLES

MANUFACTURED YEARLY.

THIS Medicine is put up in Quart Bottles

and has cured more

100,000 Cases of Chronic Disease,

within the last Ten Years. None is Genuine

unless signed by S. P. TOWNSEND.

EXPOSE.

BY READING THE FOLLOWING AFFIDAVIT

—The Public will learn the origin, or rather where the recipe for making this stuff is called Old Dr. Jacob Townsend's Sarsaparilla, came from—and will be able

to judge which is the genuine and original, and of the honesty of the men who are employed in selling it as the original and unadulterated Sarsaparilla.

TOWNSEND further says, that he has received repeated commendations for his Sarsaparilla, and his medicine has gained a reputation that no other remedy ever gained.

He manufactured over one million of bottles last year, and is manufacturing at present 600,000 bottles per day.

We use more Sarsaparilla and Yellow Dock in our

establishment each day, than all the other Sarsaparilla manufacturers in the world. Principal Office, 126 Fulton-st.

READ THE AFFIDAVIT.

City and County of New-York, s.

William Armstrong, of the said City, being duly sworn, doth depose and say that he is a practical

Dissert and Chemist. That some time in the latter

part of May, or first of June, 1818, a man by the name of Jacob Townsend, who at that time was a book and pamphlet pedler, came upon deposit at Dr. S. P. Thompson's, No. 42 Hudson-street, where he remained and requested deposit to write him a

recipe by which to make a Syrup of Sarsaparilla.

Depositor further says, that he received a deposit with said Townsend in the office of Theodore Foster, Esq., Printer, with whom said Townsend died.

Now we wish to call your attention to the fact

that Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla is to be sold under the name of Dr. Jacob Townsend.

That said Townsend had had frequent conversa-

tion with Dr. Townsend respecting the manufacture of

of his Sarsaparilla.

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THE ADAMS SENTINEL AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

New Jersey, Right side Up!

The election for members of the Legislature in New Jersey, took place on Tuesday last, and notwithstanding many difficulties and local questions which operated in favor of the Locofocos, the Whigs have succeeded in electing a majority in both branches of the Legislature.—The Senate stands—Whigs 10, Locos 9. The House 33 Whigs, 25 Locos. Whig majority in joint ballot 9. This will do.

Look out, Scolds!

At the Court in Chambersburg, week before last, ELIZABETH WELSH was tried on the charge of being a common scold. She was found guilty, and sentenced to be imprisoned for two months, and pay the costs.

Death of Mr. Petriken.

HENRY PETRIKEN, Esq., late Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth, and recently Superintendent of the State Road to avoid the Inclined Plane, died at the Merchants' Hotel in Philadelphia, on Thursday morning last, after an illness of but 3 or 4 days. His remains were taken to Bellefonte for interment.

Five stables were consumed in Chambersburg on Saturday evening—no doubt the work of an incendiary. They belonged to Ludwick Heck, J. Senseney, and T. J. Early.

A vein of that valuable mineral, Manganese, has been discovered on the farm belonging to the Messrs. Browns, in Allen township, Cumberland county. The vein is large, and promises to yield well. Better than three tons, in a very pure state, have been taken from it already.

Those versed in squirrelology predict that we are to have a severe winter, from the fact that the squirrels have been migrating to the South in large numbers.

Some black hearted miscreant on Tuesday night laid a large log across the railroad three miles below Harrisburg, which threw the Locomotive and passenger train off the track. Fortunately all the passengers escaped unharmed. Such a wretch deserves the severest punishment.

A steamer was due from Europe on Friday; but the wires being put out of order by the late storm, no intelligence had been received from Boston on Saturday morning.

Another Mail-Robbing Postmaster.—Henry G. W. Cronise, former Postmaster at Tiffin, Ohio, has been arrested for mail robbery, and examined before a Commissioner of the Circuit Court of the U.S. at Sandusky. It would seem from the testimony that Cronise stole a package of \$525, the notes all being marked, and that he has since put in circulation some \$60 of the marked bills. Cronise was removed from the office of Postmaster about 4 months ago.

A Heroine for California.—The brig Ark sailed from Newburyport on the 31st ult., for California, with 117 passengers, among whom were three young ladies. One of them is a single woman, without friends (unless of recent acquaintance) or relatives on board. She goes out on her own hook.

Forfeiture of Freedom.—The unlucky free blacks have a precarious time of it in Richmond. If they go to a free State and return they are thrown back into bondage; if they do not go away within two years, they in like manner lose their freedom. The upshot is, now in practice, a settled endeavor, on the part of Virginia law, to expel all free blacks from the State. We learn from the *Richmond Times* that William was arrested last week and brought before the Mayor, who informed him that he had, by remaining in the city two years after the period of his manumission, forfeited his claim to freedom, and that if he was found within the State at the next term of the Court he would be arrested and sold into servitude.

The Voting Lists.—California emigration has a noticeable effect on the voting lists. Taunton (Massachusetts) papers say there is considerable falling off in New Bedford, especially in Nantucket and the Vineyard, where a large portion of the active population have gone or are going to California. From a small town of Waltham, at least one hundred, nearly all voters, have gone to California; and in Newton half as many more; and so on, though not in so great a proportion, in many of the towns of the commonwealth.

A Panop California Story.—The editor of the Banner Whig, writing from Newburyport, tells of a young man named Glines, who escaped from the Poor-house of Byfield when a boy, and went to sea—happened to be near California when the gold was discovered—went there, and has returned with \$15,000 to relieve his parents, whom he found in the Poor-house—and is now about to return to California.

The St. Louis Republican says that \$50,000 of the notes of the exploded Bank of Susquehanna, were recently put into circulation in that quarter. It is said to have been mostly furnished by houses in Cincinnati.

How Juries deal with Lawyers.—It must be regarded as a good thing by juries to get a pair of lawyers occasionally in their clutches. In N. York, last week, one lawyer brought another before a jury for spitting in his face.—Verdict for plaintiff \$500.

In the Court of Common Pleas at Manchester, N. H., Mrs. Polly Lord, of Deerfield, was recently sentenced to the State Prison for two years, for retaining and using \$250, which she picked up and kept, knowing the owner.

There are at present 8 persons confined in the St. Louis jail, on the charge of murder.

New York Election.

The election for State officers and Legislature took place in New York on Tuesday last. In the City the Whig majority ranges from 2,000 to 2,500. The Whig candidates for the Senate are elected in each of the four districts, and 12 out of 16 Assemblymen. All the Whig candidates for Judges are also elected.

In 32 Senatorial districts heard from, 10 Whigs and 16 Democrats have been elected.—This makes a tie in the Senate. Twenty-five counties have elected 43 Whig and 23 Democratic Assemblymen. There will probably be a considerable Whig majority in the Assembly.

Returns from 56 counties give the Whigs a reported majority for State officers of 2,013, leaving 3 counties to be heard from, the result in which is expected to make the vote very close.

The Tea Culture in America.—The New York Tribune has late advices from the Tea plantation of Mr. Junius Smith, at Greenville, S. C. His plants are in blossom, and as healthy and flourishing as those of China at the same stage of growth. Everything looks favorable, and Mr. Smith feels abundantly encouraged. He expects to place fresh tea on the tea-tables of London and Paris in twenty days from his plantation. He has a large number of plants, and tea enough for half a million more.—The Black descriptions blossomed some time since, and lately the Green plant descriptions have also blossomed. Mr. Smith is collecting about him quite a force of laborers, having recently sent to the north for about twenty hands. He has also made very successful efforts to grow the fig and almond. His next year's crop will be quite an important one. Should Mr. S. succeed in introducing the growth of the tea plant into the United States, he will certainly deserve a statue of gold and the gratitude of the whole country.

A Profitable Speculation.—One of the most lucrative speculations of which we have heard, considering the circumstances, was recently made by two citizens of Columbia, Pa. The Spy says that about two months since they invested \$2,000 in houses, lumber, &c., which they shipped to San Francisco. A few days ago they sold the same articles, now on their way to the gold regions, for \$9,000—thus realizing a profit of \$7,000.—This we consider quite a handsome gain.

Canadian Annexation.—It is said that Quebec is scarcely behind Montreal in pressing the question of annexation to the United States. A manifesto in favor of the project is now in circulation in Quebec with 700 names attached, of men mostly in high standing in that city, of both French and English origin—and from the high ground taken in the movement, it bids fair to result in a pretty general union among the friends of annexation in all that portion of the province.

The Grand Master of the Orangemen at Bytown has come out with an address to the members of all British North America, peremptorily denouncing annexation as utterly disloyal and revolutionary, threatening disaster and danger to the country, and menacing the peace and safety of the people.

Also—Lot No. 45, according to the plot of said town, having theron erected a large and commodious

FRAME HOUSE, calculated for a Store and Dwelling-House, with Warehouse attached, Stable, and all necessary Out-houses.

Also—Lot No. 118, according to the plot of said town, on which is erected a TWO-STORY

FRAME HOUSE, and Stable.

The above Lots will be sold separate or together, as may best suit purchasers.

Persons wishing to view said properties, can do so by calling on Henry Hopple, now in the occupancy of the Tannery. Should the properties not be sold, they will then be RENTED for one year from the 1st of April, 1840.

Conditions made known on the day of sale.

GEORGE HENCH, Agent for the Heirs.

MARRIED, On Wednesday last, in the Presbyterian Church, Rahway, N. J., by the Rev. Mr. Imrie, Mr. DAVID A. PETERSON, senior Editor of the "Star and Banner," Gettysburg, to Miss FRANCES J. GUXTON, of the former place.

We congratulate our young friend and brother typ on his entrance into the society of Beneficents, and wish him all the happiness arising from the interesting association.

On Thursday last, by the Rev. B. Keller, Mr. DANIEL LAWRENCE, of Adams county, to Miss REBECCA TROONE, of York county.

On the 16th ult., by J. C. Ellis, Esq., Mr. BENJAMIN HOWELL, of New Oxford, to Miss LEAH LAUGHMAN, of York county.

On the 1st inst., by the Rev. J. Ulrich, Mr. JOHN WITHERSPOON, of this county, to Mrs. RACHEL STARNER, of Cumberland county.

On the same day, by Rev. Mr. Sechler, Mr. JOHN HENRY FEITZ, to Miss SARAH ANN SPANGLER—both of this county.

On Tuesday last, by Rev. Mr. Deininger, Mr. WILLIAM WIBLE, to Miss ROSANNA E. BOWER—both of this county.

On the same day, by the same Mr. PETER MACLELLAN, to Miss MARIA SPANGLER—both of this county.

DIED,

In Littlestown, on the 3rd inst., Mrs. LEAH LOHRSTEN, in the 68th year of her age.

On the 6th inst., Mr. JACOB THOMAS, of this county, aged 47 years 4 months and 23 days.

On the 28th ult., at the residence of her son-in-law, in Seneca county, Ohio, after a long and severe illness, Mrs. ELIZABETH WHITE, widow of James White, sen., late of Freedom township, Adams county, Pa., aged 73 years.

COMMUNICATED.

DIED—On the 4th inst. Miss LUCINDA CAROLINE, eldest daughter of Daniel Minnigh, Esq. of Latimore township, aged 18 years 1 month and 30 days.

Sister, sister, why dost thou not answer?

Say, has thy spirit forever fled,
And left this world of care and trouble?
To mingle with the glorious dead?

Thou but a month ago wast here,
As full of hope as we;
And now thou'st bade this world adieu,
No more with us to be.

Oh! we would not call thee back again,
To walk life's thorny road,
But leave thee to enjoy thy slumbers,
And reap what thou hast sowed.

Farewell, sister, fare thee well—
We will not weep for thee;
For we know that all is well—
And long for happiness with thee.

APRAHAM ARNOLD

Nov. 5.

10

CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.

THE undersigned has just opened, in addition to his Store, the largest and best selected

STOCK OF CLOTHING, ever before brought to Gettysburg. Also a great variety of

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Shirts, &c., all of which will be sold 30 per cent. cheaper than the cheapest.

APRAHAM ARNOLD

Nov. 5.

10

FRESH ARRIVAL.

Just received, super-fresh MACKEREL, N. E. CHEESE, LARD & SPERM OIL, G. A. & Fine SALT, at reduced prices, for sale by

J. M. STEVENSON.

Oct. 29.

10

There is a dog in Cincinnati, one year old, who is to be the Tom Thumb of the bow wows; he is only 9 inches in length, 5 inches in height, and weighs 2 pounds and 1 ounce. He's safe—he would make a very small sausage.

Prize Commdrum.—The following by Miss E. H. Brown, of Meriden, was adjudged best by the late committee, in New Haven: "Why is the great Russian Bear, Nicholas, like a half starved fo?

Because he's got Hung(a)ry and wants Turkey."

Baltimore Price Current.

Flour,	4 94 to 5 00
Wheat,	1 04 to 1 06
Rye,	55 to 63
Corn,	55 to 60
Oats,	30 to 32
BeefCattle,	4 00 to 5 75

DIVIDEND.

Bank of Gettysburg, Nov. 1, 1849.

THE President and Directors of this Institution have this day declared a Dividend of

Three per Cent.

payable on or after the 16th inst.

J. B. McPHERSON, Cashier.

Nov. 1.

10

DIVIDEND.

Managers of the Gettysburg and Petersburgh Turnpike Company, have this day declared a Dividend of

One per Cent.

on the capital stock of said Company—payable on or after the 11th inst.

J. B. McPHERSON, Treasurer.

Nov. 6.

10

EIGHT TEACHERS WANTED.

THE School Directors of Cumberland township, will meet at the public house of Conrad Snyder, in the Borough of Gettysburg, on Saturday the 24th inst., for the purpose of receiving applications for the teaching of the several Schools in the Township.

By order of the Board,

JACOB BEAMER, Sec'y.

Nov. 12.

10

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

AT PUBLIC SALE.

I WILL OFFER AT PUBLIC SALE, On Thursday the 6th day of December, 1849, at 11 o'clock, A. M., on the premises, the MANSION HOUSE & TANNERY

of the late ISAAC McCORD, situated in the Borough of Millerton, Perry county, Pa.—

On the lot is erected a two story

STONE HOUSE,

Kitchen, Wood house, Smoke-house, and other Out-houses. Also, on the same lot is

selected

A TANNER Y,

consisting of 32 Lay-away Vats, fourteen of

which are under roof, 4 Handlers, 1 Batte, 2

Limes and 1 pool under roof, 4 Leeches, Hide

Mill under roof, a Frame Shop, 21 by 90 feet,

two stories high, finishing room and dry loft on

second floor; Bark house and Bark mill to grind

above and bark room below; Stable, Carriage

house, &c., and a never failing well of good water

convenient.

Also—Lot No. 45, according to

the plot of said town, having theron erected a

large and commodious

THE ADAMS SENTINEL AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

THEY'VE COME!!
NEW STORE & NEW GOODS!

NEW
HARDWARE AND GROCERY
S. P. TOWNSEND.

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DRY GOODS,

For the Fall and Winter Trade;

such as

Clothes, Cassimères, Satinets, Vestings, Cords, Silks, Mousslin de Laines, Cashmeres, Alpacas, Calicoes, Muslins, Plaid Linseys, Shawls, Gravats, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Ribbons, Fringes, Laces, Edgings, &c. &c.

—ALSO—

Groceries, Queensware,

BOOTS, SHOES,

Cloth and Glazed CAPS, &c. &c.

As it would require too much time to enumerate all the names and varieties of Goods in an advertisement, we say to all, you will be welcomed at any time, to call and give a thorough examination, as it will afford us great pleasure in showing what we have

U.S. COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods.

By strict attention to business, and a desire to give satisfaction, I hope to merit and receive a share of patronage of the public generally.

A. B. KURTZ

Gettysburg Sept. 17.

JOHN FAHNESTOCK

RESPECTFULLY announces to his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a NEW

Hardware and Grocery Store,

in Gettysburg, at M'Clellan's Corner, where

can be found a general assortment of every

thing in his line. Having examined both the

Philadelphia and Baltimore markets, he is

enabled to offer his goods at reduced prices, and

can confidently assure them that they can be

purchased lower than they have ever been sold

before. His stock consists of

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

such as Nails, Cross-cut Saw, Plane, Planes and Bits,

Locks, Hinges, Screws; Chisels of every de-

scription, Raps and Files, Soddy or all va-

rieties, Shoemakers' Lasts and Tools, Morocco

Leather and Linings, Shovels, Forks, and a

general assortment of

Table Cutlery & Pocket Knives;

in short, every article belonging to that branch

of business. Also a complete assortment of

GLASS, PAINTS, OILS & DYE STUFFS,

and a large, full, and general assortment of

Groceries, Fish & Cedar Ware,

all of which he has selected with great care

and purchased on the very best terms, thus en-

abling him to sell at such prices as will give

entire satisfaction. He solicits and hopes by

strict attention to the wants of the community

to receive the patronage of the public

JOHN FAHNESTOCK

Sept. 17.

THE

WHY'S & WHEREFORE'S.

THESE are the times in which men look

for the doings of the world and general

information to the Press, which is, by the

true path finder for business men, as well as

those who wish to make every Penny count

most for themselves. Thus being the order of

the day, the undersigned wishes to keep with

the current, and at the same time give the read-

er a good hint which path to travel to make

his money count most. A few good reasons

will satisfy the reader, at once why it is that

the undersigned will and can sell any gentle-

man a suit of Ready made Clothing, from

the common everyday suit, to the Sunday and

superfine wedding suit, cheaper than any other

establishment. In the first place, then, he is

able to sell cheaper than other establishments,

because he is well acquainted with his business.

He buys and sells for Cash, and knows when and

where and how to purchase his goods. "Goods

won't hold half sold." Even if he had no

advantages over any one in his line of business,

he can still undersell them, because he requires

no large profits to make up for large expenses

He attends to his business himself, and there-

fore incurs but small expenses, comparatively

speaking, in carrying on the same. He sells

his Goods for Cash, and therefore requires no

large profits to make up for loss sustained by

credit sales. No one will doubt that the Cash

and One-price system, together with small pro-

fits, is the best mode of dealing and most ad-

vantageous to the purchaser. If any one doubts

this, he will be convinced of its truth by calling

at the Clothing & Variety Store,

opposite the Bank, where he will find a large as-

sortment of all kinds of Ready-made Clothing,

for men's and boys' wear, together with every

article in his line of business—Cloaks, Over-

Coats, Stock, Sack, business and dress Coats,

Pants and Vests of all descriptions—Woolen

Gloves, Shawls, Under-shirts and Drawers, all kinds of Shirts,

Collars, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Silk-Gloves

and Stockings, Wrappers, Caps, Hats, together

with some fancy articles—Jewelry, Pistols,

Knives, and a few six shooters, all of which he

will with pleasure exhibit for examination to

those who call upon him. The prices are such

as will satisfy every one that this is the place

to buy Fall and Winter Clothing. You will

be asked but one price, with but a very small

profit. The subscriber takes this occasion to

tender to the public his thanks for the liberal

patronage which he has thus far received, and

respectfully solicits a continuance of the same.

Also for sale, a very good and neatly trimmed

ROCKAWAY BUGGY, with standing top and

a second-hand Buggy, which will be disposed

of very low for cash.

MARCUS SAMSON,

Gettysburg, Oct. 1.

M'ALLISTER'S Ointment.

Containing no Mercury, or other Mineral

M'ALLISTER'S ALL HEALING OINTMENT

has been well tested, during the

last sixteen years, and more than ONE MIL-

LION BOXES having been sold within the

last four years, shows how fast it is coming

into public favor, it may be said, truly this is

"THE FAMILY FRIEND," it may be used

with perfect safety. M'ALLISTER'S AND NUR-

SSES knew its value in cases of Scrofula or Sores

on Breasts, they would always apply it. In such

cases, if used freely, and according to the direc-

tions given in the ointment.

BURNS—it is one of the best things in the

world for Burns.

PILESS—thousands are yearly cured by this

Ointment. It never fails in giving relief for the

Piles.

It is well known to all who have tested it. It

has been proved in thousands of instances and

has been proved in thousands

GOVERNOR JOHNSTON.

The subjoined communication will be read with pleasure by thousands in our State. We have great pleasure in placing it in our columns:

At the last anniversary of the First Baptist Church Sunday School, West Philadelphia, the Rev. Mr. Hamner, in the course of his remarks, mentioned that the Governors of several of the States through which he had recently travelled, had been constituted Life members of the American Sunday School Union by the liberal contributions of Sunday School children.

At the close of the services, a collection of more than fifty dollars was taken up for the benefit of their own school, and just as the benediction was about to be pronounced, some one who did not believe that *charity should end at home*, very unexpectedly rose up and said, he really thought they should do something to aid the American Sunday School Union in planting schools in *destitute* places, etc., etc. He proposed to make the Pastor of the church and the Governor of the State, life members of this Society.—*At once* the necessary amount, \$60, was secured.

The following letter from Gov. Johnston, accepting the position assigned him by the kindness and respect of his young friends, will be read with great pleasure by every good citizen:

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER,
Harrisburg, Pa., July 27, 1849.

Rev. T. L. HAMNER:—Dear Sir—I have received your kind letter communicating the gratifying fact that the Sunday School of the First Baptist Church, West Philadelphia, have procured for me a Life Membership in the American Sunday School Union.

This act of generous kindness I shall ever cherish and remember, and more particularly so, as being the unexpected and voluntary action of *those* who can have no impure motive, but whose thoughts, like themselves, partake largely of the kingdom of Heaven.

In early life it was my fortunate lot to become a scholar, and subsequently a teacher in Sunday-school; the impressions there received of the value and importance of Scripture learning, have increased with my advance in life. In the dark hours of worldly trouble, in the bustle of life's affairs, or in the turmoils of political strife, the good man finds in the Bible a consolation and contentment that the unlearned in its holy teachings cannot possess. In the day of our tribulation, when the anxieties, thoughts, purposes and designs of humanity are closing, and the angel of death stands ready to usher the spirit into the spirit-land, it is *then* the devout reader and follower of the Bible precepts triumphs in the calmness of his death, under the blessed hope of a bright futurity; while the uninformed writhes in mental agony over the doubts and shadows of an uncertain destiny.

HUNGARY.

Gen. Haynau, in his administration of military authority, loses no opportunity to preserve the bloody character belonging to him. He has murdered, under the guise of a court martial, thirteen Hungarian Generals who had laid down their arms at the close of the war.

Count Bathyany, the Prime Minister of Hungary, has been shot, under circumstances which forever will make the Austrian name synonymous with cruelty, treachery, and dishonor. To render the last hour of this brave and accomplished nobleman as bitter as possible, he was sentenced to a malefactor's instead of a soldier's death.

To avoid the agony of a halter, the wife of the patriot had a dagger conveyed to him in his linen, with which to anticipate his doom. The Count did not succeed in the suicide, but his throat was so much injured by the wound he had inflicted, that he prevented his murderers from strangling him with the cord. He fell, pierced to the heart by the bullets of Austrian soldiers, his last words being "My country forever." Some ladies of the highest class endeavored to dip their hands into the blood of the fallen patriot, but were prevented by the Austrian bayonets.

Kossuth's Children.—The Vienna correspondent of the London Times, learns from a friend, just returned from Pesth, some authentic information as to the women and children now confined in the castle of that city. He states that Kossuth's two sons and one daughter, as also two of Guyon's children, are in the hands of the imperialists. The little Kossuths are so totally without pecuniary resources, that Gen. Haynau was moved by compassion to deposit £10 in the bands of the Governor of the castle for their benefit. The tutor of Kossuth's children who was concerned in the rebellion, has been removed by the authorities, but the governess has been left with her helpless charges.

THE ADAMS SENTINEL AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.



Monday, November 12, 1849.

Late from Europe.

The steamer Washington arrived at New York on Tuesday, bringing London papers to the 20th of October.

She brought 150 passengers, among whom is the Hon. Richard Rush, late Minister to France; Hon. Romulus M. Saunders, of N. C., late Minister to Spain; Hon. W. H. Stiles, of Geo., late Charge d'Affaires at Vienna; Hon. P. F. Fenno, of Pa., late Charge at Copenhagen: each accompanied by his family; also Bishop Southgate. She has a very heavy and valuable cargo of German and French goods.

Thanksgiving in the U. States.

Thanksgiving day in Florida, November 1st; New Hampshire and North Carolina, November 15th; Maine, Vermont, New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Maryland and Ohio, November 20th.

At the bodies of the lamented Worth, Duncan and Gates, left New Orleans on the 1st inst. in the steamer Ohio for New York. They were expected to arrive in that city on Friday or Saturday last, but the Funeral Ceremonies, (for which great preparations have been made,) will not take place until the middle of this week.

George Null was tried at Chambersburg week before last, on the charge of killing a negro at Waynesboro, on the night of the 8th of September, and was acquitted. It was very evident from the testimony that no other person than Null could have stabbed the negro—the people generally believe he did it—but the fact could not be legally proven, and the consequences were too serious to depend upon opinions.